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MNF OBA OPORD 01

**COPY X OF X
HQ LCC OBA
MINDORO, ST
DDTTTTL MON YYYY (D+XX)**

OPS 01/XX

LCC-OBA OPORD 01/XX – OPERATION BRONZE ACHILLES (OBA)

References:

- A. US Joint Publication 3-16 Multinational Operations
- B. US Joint Publication 3-0 Joint Operations
- C. Indo-Pacific Anti-Nuclear Alliance Charter
- D. Status of Forces Agreement, Australia and Belesia
- E. Maps: Map Series S701, S702, S711, S721, S733, PHILIPPINES; Sheets TBD

Time Zone Used Throughout the OPORD: ZULU.

1. **Situation.**

a. **Battlespace Description.**

- (1) **Area of Interest (AI).** The LCC OBA AI includes the airways and land areas of the Island of Luzon from Aparri in North Torbia to the southern tip of Mindoro Island in South Torbia, the exclusive economic zones for North and South Torbia in the Philippine Sea (east), Celebes Sea (south), and the South Olvana Sea (west) to the Olvanan coastline.
- (2) **Area of Operations (AO).** The LCC OBA AO covers the island of Luzon south of the Military Demarcation Line (MDL) and is divided into divisional AOs as follows:
 - (a) AO ORANGE in the west
 - (b) AO PEAR in the centre
 - (c) AO APPLE in the east
 - (d) AO LEMON in the south.
- (3) **Terrain.** The Island of Luzon consists primarily of heavily forested mountains interspersed with low valleys. The valleys are typically fertile and comprise most

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of the island's arable land. Both vegetation and climate are tropical in nature. Multiple natural hazards exist, resulting from the country's geology, weather, native wildlife, and human activity. While this terrain offers considerable challenges, they are not insurmountable. The island's terrain varies from high rugged mountains to flat lowland plains. Terrain, including mountains and rivers, creates obstacles for regional communication and makes transport difficult. Further detail is provided in Tab A (Terrain), Appendix 1 (Intelligence Estimate) to Annex B (Intelligence).

- (4) Weather. The island of Luzon experiences three different climate types that can be broken into two categories: a tropical wet climate, where rain falls year-round, and a tropical wet and dry climate—also called a monsoonal climate, with distinct wet and dry seasons. Natural disasters such as typhoons and landslides will complicate missions. Troops and equipment will be affected by extreme temperatures and humidity throughout the lowlands, and high altitudes in the mountains. Frequent rains will hamper operations and maneuverability, as will seasonal cloud cover. Further detail is provided in Tab B (Weather), Appendix 1 (Intelligence Estimate) to (Annex B (Intelligence)).

b. Enemy Forces. See Annex B for a full discussion of the Democratic People's Republic of Torbia (DPRT) forces.

- (1) Current Situation. The Torbian People's Army (TPA) forces launched a surprise offensive against the Republic of Torbia (ROT) on two fronts.
 - (a) On DDXXXXMONYY under cover of the combine Olvanan/North Torbian Exercise RISEN SWORD, a TPA Marine Expeditionary Force (MEF) of approximately bde size launched an amphibious assault IVO of SAN NARCISO (51PSS861616) and SAN ANTONIO (51PSS869547). Having consolidated their beachhead MEF forces began to advance SE wards towards OLONGAPO (51PTS063041). Their objective is assessed to be the SUBIC BAY airport and port facilities (51PTS149350).
 - (b) As the TPA MEF conducted their assault, North Torbian air force (TPAF) bombers attacked and knocked out South Torbian military radar installations along the South Torbian west coast and IVO . North Torbian SPF teams attacked key infrastructure providing power to military installations in the CASTILLEJOS-SUBIC-OLONGAPO region and the MAGTFST command element.
 - (c) A South Torbian frigate was sunk by torpedo in South Torbian territorial waters west of MORONG. North Torbian submarines operating in the region are suspected of carrying out this attack.
 - (d) A second wave of TPAF bombers targeted South Torbian Naval bases in OLONGAPO, MANILA, BATANGAS CITY and GENERAL NAKAR. North Torbian SPF teams are suspected of designating vessels for targeting.

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North Torbian submarines have laid mines in the entrance to SUBIC BAY, MANILA BAY and in the VERDE ISLAND PASSAGE as well as the northern entrance to the POLILLO STRAIT. This has resulted in the South Torbian Navy no longer being an effective force and confined to their home ports.

- (e) Supported by North Torbian SPF elements TPAF bombers also targeted South Torbian air bases in MANILA, MAMBURAO, SAN JOSE and ANGELES causing significant losses. All remaining aircraft have been redeployed to air bases on MINDORO.
- (f) On DDXXXXMONYY under cover of the TPA's multi-regional command military exercise, EX RED PHOENIX, the TPA launched initial attacks with artillery barrages on South Torbian headquarters, command posts and cantonment areas along the MDL. Simultaneously multiple air bases and air defense sites were subjected to EW jamming and assault by TPA SPF.
- (g) The TPA Southern Army initial attack penetrated the ROTA forces along the MDL using surface crossing points and a system of tunnels under the MDL.
- (h) TPA 4 MECH DIV (IFV) attacked in the north and swung westward heading for DAGUPAN (51QTT146758).
 - i. 41st MECH INF BDE moved south to fix 42nd MTZD DIV elements IVO SAN FABIAN.
 - ii. 41st and 42nd MECH INF BDEs, and 44th TANK BDE successfully isolated DAGUPAN. 43th MECH INF BDE moved south to secure Rosales
 - iii. After five days of fierce fighting 43rd MECH INF successfully secured ROSALES after dislodging 910 MECH BDE and 911 TANK BDE
 - iv. 4th MECH INF DIV attack culminated against 42nd MTZD DIV IVO DAGUPAN and commenced operations to secure the city.
- (i) TPA 5 MECH DIV (IFV) crossed the MDL in the center and advanced on TARLAC (51PTT 420135).
 - i. 51ST MECH INF BDE personnel moved through tunnels and surface crossing points attacking 912th MECH INF BDE (SEP) elements IVO TAYUG. Using surface crossing points and a system of tunnels under the MDL 52nd MECH INF BDE attacked 912th MECH INF BDE (SEP) elements IVO SAN QUINTIN. 53rd MECH INF BDE and 54th attacked 42nd MTZD DIV elements IVO SAN JOSE.

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- ii. 51st and 52nd MECH INF BDEs fixed 912 MECH INF BDE (SEP) NE of ROSALES. 53rd MECH INF BDE launched an attack on 401 MTZD BDE. 54th MECH INF BDE launched an attack on 402 MTZD BDE.
 - iii. 5th MECH INF DIV secured ROSALES but was unable to advance any further.
- (j) 6 MECH DIV (APC) crossed the MDL in the east heading for CABANATUAN (51PTT825133).
- i. 61ST MECH INF BDE attacked IVO RIZAL, 62nd MECH INF BDE occupied BONGAABON, 63rd MECH INF BDE occupied PANTABANGAN and 64th TANK BDE advance on VILLA AURORA.
 - ii. 61st and 63nd MECH INF BDE launched an attack on 412 MTZD BDE while 62nd MECH INF BDE and 64th TANK BDE launched an attack on 411 MTZD BDE. This resulted in both formations being forced to withdraw south to CABANATUAN.
 - iii. Despite sustaining heavy casualties 6 MECH DIV (APC) was able to dislodge South Torbian forces and occupy the city commencing preparations for a mobile defence. There are reports of the use of non-persistent chemical weapons during the TPA advance south. There are also reports of sightings of drone swarms including suicide drones ahead of TPA advancing troops.
- (k) Overall TPA losses have been significant and each of the divisions of the Southern Army will required substantial reinforcements and resupply to be able to achieve combat effectiveness to continue their advance south.
- (l) The North Torbian Western Fleet continues to support the North Torbian MEF assault on OLONGAPO. There are reports that at least two Eastern Fleet vessels capable of firing SS cruise missiles will be used to support Southern Army operations.
- (m) The TPAF is able to achieve local air superiority for short periods of time over North Torbian-occupied territory. Fixed wing and rotary wing aircraft have been seen operating in south of the DML providing CAS to the Southern Army. Main tgt have been identified as HQ, EW sites and armd units.
- (n) Unable to sustain effective operations to stop the North Torbian advance southwards South Torbia has sought assistance from the international community. Fellow members of the Indo-Pacific Anti-Nuclear Alliance (IPANA), the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan have agreed to provide military assistance IOT to blunt the North Torbian attack, expel TPA forces

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from South Torbia and restore international borders. Belesia has agreed to allow the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan to use General Santos City and Zamboanga as theatre entry points for Operation Bronze Achilles.

(2) Assessment.

- (a) TPA forces will continue their advance to secure OLONGAPO (51PTS063041), secure DAGUPAN (51QTT146758) and TARLAC (51PTT 420135) whilst consolidating in CABANATUAN (51PTT825133).
- (b) TPA MEF forces will continue to advance SE wards to seize the SUBIC BAY airport and port facilities.
- (c) Once their intermediate objectives are achieved TPA Southern Army forces will continue to advance south to MANILA (51PTS828150) and BATANGAS (51PTR900219). TPA 4 MECH DIV (IFV) will continue to attack south in order to fix ROT Army 42nd Motorized Division (42 MTZD DIV) in the west. TPA 5 MECH DIV (IFV) and 6 MECH DIV (APC), are assessed as the main effort and will attack south against ROTA 40th Motorized Division (40 MTZD DIV) and 41st Motorized Division (41 MTZD DIV) in the central and east respectively. Losses by TPA forces have been heavy with the TPA Southern Army assessed at no more than 50 per cent effectiveness.
- (d) Southern Army MLCOA. Intent will be to defend and consolidate gains IOT reconstitute forces in preparation of resuming its advance south to MANILA. Despite reductions in combat power TPA forces will conduct an aggressive mobile defence. This will be conducted by minimizing direct contact with friendly maneuver elements but will attempt to win battles primarily by extensive fires using UAV/drones, arty, EW and AD in an IADS known as Snow Dome. This involves the use of MANPADS to engage and defeat low and slow aerial targets as well as deter or canalize higher, faster, and more-capable targets. SHORAD move with and provide coverage to maneuver elements, deny the use of tactical airspace over wide areas to low-altitude aircraft and protect longer-range fires systems by intercepting both threat aircraft and munitions. Medium range AD use a combination of range and mobility to defeat suppression of enemy air defense (SEAD) efforts while defeating or deterring attacks by aircraft on ground forces. The use of chemical weapons is likely.
- (e) MLCOA End State. The TPA Southern Army achieves at least 80 percent readiness IOT to recommence its advance on Manila.
- (f) Southern Army MDCOA. Reinforced by armd elements from 5 MECH DIV, 6 MECH DIV will continue its assault south to Manila without waiting for resupply. It will attempt to outflank friendly forces IVO SAN LEONARDO and isolate them. Once this has been achieved and 6 MECH

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DIV has been reinforced it will bypass friendly forces isolated IVO SAN LEONARDO and continue to advance south with speed using the Pan-Philippine Highway as its axis. Supported by rocket artillery and missiles (DF-11), and potential air assets including strategic bombers with air-to-surface capability it will attempt to fix and destroy friendly forces it confronts. It is likely that chemical weapons will be used IOT to reduce friendly forces combat power.

- (g) MDCOA End State. TPA forces route friendly forces, destroying their combat effectiveness forcing the South Torbian government to capitulate and agree to North Torbia's demands.

c. Other Stakeholders. Several stakeholder groups have been identified as operating in the AO.

- (1) Olvana. Whilst not directly involved, Olvana is likely to provide support to North Torbia as an extension of the Olvanan A2AD strategy. Recent reports confirm that Olvana is providing the following:
 - (a) Access to Olvanan satellite capability for surveillance and reconnaissance including the Yaogan series of satellites
 - (b) Internet services
 - (c) Over-the-Horizon radar
 - (d) YLC-8B 3D Long-Range Anti-Stealth Surveillance Radar
 - (e) Y-8G (High New 3) Long-Range Electronic Jamming Aircraft flying under Olvanan livery
 - (f) KJ-2000 (Mainring) Airborne Early Warning and Control Aircraft flying under Olvanan livery
 - (g) H-6 (Hong-6) Chinese Strategic Bomber
 - (h) J-16D EW aircraft
 - (i) DF-11 SS Short Range Ballistic Missile to replace the ageing SS-21
 - (j) DF-21D Anti-Ship Ballistic Missile
 - (k) YJ-12 Supersonic Anti-Ship Cruise Missile
 - (l) HQ-9 (Hong Qi 9) 8x8 Long-Range Air Defense Missile System
 - (m) FN-6 (FEI Nu-6) man portable AD system (MANPADS) most likely deployed with North Torbian SPF. There are reports that 36 MECH BDE (IFV) is also equipped with the FN-6.

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- (2) Donovia. Reports indicate that Donovia recently provided a battery of the S-400 Triumph (SA-21 Growler) Long-Range Surface-to-air Missile System. It is highly likely that this weapon system is manned by contractors (most likely the Folkvangr Group) supported by Donovanian AD military advisors.

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- (3) Ariana. South Torbian intelligence sources report sightings of Arianian-manufactured UAVs in South Torbian airspace including:
 - (a) Qasef-1 – a recon and loitering munition drone
 - (b) Mohajer-4 – a tactical UAV
 - (c) Shahed-129 – medium altitude long-endurance UAV.
- (4) Tantoco Cartel. The Tantoco Cartel is involved in almost every type of criminal activity imaginable including drug and weapons smuggling, extortion, motor vehicle theft, illegal gambling, money laundering, counterfeiting, and murder-for-hire. ROT Police have established that there is a cell operating in CABANATUAN and may be spt by TPA SPF. Potential activities include:
 - (a) Hijacking supply convoys to steal supplies including weapons and ammunition.
 - (b) Selling weapons and ammunition on the black market.
 - (c) Exploiting opportunities to sell drugs to 1 ANZAC DIV personnel.
 - (d) Extortion of local officials in CABANATUAN (51PTT825133) and surrounds.
- (5) South Torbian Communist Party Army (TCA). An insurgency group intent on establishing a communist country based on the Marxist model, the same goal as stated by the South Torbian Communist Party (TCP). The TCP claims that their group has no connection to the TCA, but there are probably some members that belong to both organisations. The threat from TCA is assessed medium with a focus on attempting to steal weapons and ammunition. There is potential that they may receive spt from TPA SPF to assist 6 MECH DIV (APC) defend CABANATUAN (51PTT825133).
- (6) United Torbia. A counter-insurgency group that is pro-government and a counter-Communist organisation that wants to unite North and South Torbia with a democratically elected government. Their potential to pose a threat is assessed as extremely low.
- (7) NGO. Several NGO have representation in South Torbia and possibly AO APPLE but their capacity to provide services is assessed as low. It is assessed that the majority of NGO will not seek a role until post conflict. Several NGO have established AAs in MANILA (51PTS828150) and they should be expected within the AO rapidly once major combat operations have ceased.
- (8) Media. Prior to the commencement of hostilities there were a significant number of print, radio and television services available throughout AO APPLE. Most of these services have since been closed and those that remain open are under 6

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MECH DIV (APC) control. All of the internet service providers within AO APPLE were also closed. It is unlikely that any significant or independent media are operating throughout AO APPLE at present. As such it is unlikely that media will be encountered on entering AO APPLE but that media can be expected build rapidly once land LOC are re-established or major combat has ceased.

d. Friendly Forces.

- (1) LCC OBA. The LCC OBA is comprised of a 1st Corps (1 CORPS) HQ, 1st Corps formations and units including 2nd Infantry Division (2 INF DIV), 25th Infantry Division (25 INF DIV), 593rd Expeditionary Sustainment Command (593 ESC), 17th Field Artillery Brigade (17 FA BDE), 38th Air Defence Artillery Brigade (38 ADA BDE), 555th Engineer Brigade (555 ENGR BDE), 201st Military Intelligence Brigade (201 MI BDE) and 42nd Military Police Brigade (42 MP BDE). 1st ANZAC Division (1 ANZAC DIV) is OPCON of HQ 1st Corps for the duration of the operation. For further information refer to Annex A – Task Organisation.
- (2) Attached Units. 1st Armored Brigade (1 ARMD BDE), 55th Maneuver Enhancement Brigade (55MEB), 130th Maneuver Enhancement Brigade (130 MEB), 159th Combat Aviation Brigade (-) (159 CAB), 77th Theater Aviation Brigade 77 (TAB), 35th Signal Brigade (35 SIG BDE), 415th CBRNE Brigade (415 CBRNE BDE), 360th Civil Affairs Brigade (360 CA BDE), B Squadron 1st Battalion 12th Cavalry Regiment (B/1/12 SQN), 304th Expeditionary Signal Battalion (304 ESB), 9th Military Information Support Battalion (9 MISB), 319th Combat Service Support Battalion (319 CSSB), 87th Combat Service Support Battalion (87 CSSB), Battery B 43rd Air Defense Artillery Regiment 11th Air Defence Artillery Brigade (B/43/11 ADA) and 1 Expeditionary Rescue Group (1 ERG) USAF.
- (3) Adjacent Units and Formations. Marine Rotational Force South Torbia (MRF-ST) and AMPHIB RAPID DEPLOYMENT BDE (Japan) (ARDB-J) have been allocated AO LEMON and are attached TACON to LCC OBA once they have landed.
- (4) Higher Headquarters Mission and Intent.
 - (a) Higher Headquarters. MNF OBA.
 - i. Mission. On order, MNFOBA is to dislodge TPA forces from South Torbian territory IOT restore the South Torbian border, deter further aggression, and re-establish pre-war international borders to restore peace and security.
 - ii. Commander's Intent. The purpose of this operation is to restore the international border, defeat TPA forces, and deter further aggression south of the MDL.

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- iii. Endstate. TPA forces are defeated south of the MDL and expelled from South Torbian Territory, ROTA forces are occupying positions along the MDL, the international border is reestablished, and the South Torbian government is stable, functioning at pre-conflict levels.
- (b) Missions of Adjacent Units.
 - i. Republic of Torbia Navy (ROTN). As a result of North Torbian air attacks on naval bases in OLONGAPO, MANILA, BATANGAS CITY and GENERAL NAKAR the ROTN is no longer an effective force. Apart from the ROTN 21 Missile Squadron, all other squadrons are at 25 percent or less. Due to blockades by the North Torbian Navy ROTN vessels are unable to leave their ports.
 - ii. Republic of Torbia Army (ROTA).
 - (A) 41 MTRZD DIV is conducting defensive operations IVO GAPAN (51PTS795939) in order to enable 1 ANZAC DIV to generate combat power into AO APPLE.
 - (B) 44 MTRZD DIV is maintaining defensive operations IVO SAN MIGUEL (51PTS817754) in order to prevent TPA forces from further advancement into South Torbia.
 - (C) 910 MECH INF BDE (IFV) (SEP) is conducting defensive operations IVO TARLAC (51PTT419130) in order to enable coalition forces to generate combat power into designated AOs.
 - (D) 911 TANK BRIGADE (SEP) is conducting defensive operations IVO TARLAC (51PTT419130) IOT enable coalition forces to generate combat power into designated AOs.
 - (E) 40 MTRZD DIV is conducting defensive operations IVO ROSALES (51PTT 468588) to prevent TPA forces from further advancement into South Torbia. 1st ARMY artillery units support ROTA counterfire operations.
 - (F) 42 MTRZD DIV is conducting defensive operations IVO DAGUPAN (51QTT146758) IOT allow coalition forces to generate combat power in designated AOs.
 - (G) 43 MTRZD DIV is conducting defensive operations IVO DAGUPAN (51QTT146758) in order to allow coalition forces to generate combat power in designated AOs.
 - (H) 1ST ARMY forces defend north of MANILA (51PTS828150) with the 914 MECH BDE, the 49 TANK DIV, and the 915 ABN BDE.

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- (I) 3rd ARMY forces will defend southern Luzon Island north of BATANGAS (51PTR900219) and SAN PABLO (51PUR187556) to enable coalition forces to generate combat power in designated AOs.
- iii. Republic of Torbia Air Force (ROTAF). The ROTAF suffered significant losses during the first wave of North Torbian air attacks. Remaining assets have relocated to air bases on the Island of MINDORO and will be used to support the ROTAF 3rd Army forces defending MANILA and BATANGAS CITY.
- (c) Other units and organisations. None.
- (5) Interagency, Intergovernmental, and Nongovernmental Organisations. The following agencies are operating in SOUTH TORBIA:
 - (d) US State Department mission to SOUTH TORBIA
 - (e) US Agency for International Development (USAID) with the Office of Transitions Initiatives (OTI) and the Office of Foreign Disaster Relief (OFDA)
 - (f) UN Country Team (UNCT)
 - (g) UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR); South Torbian Ministry of Affairs (MIA)
 - (h) UN World Health Organisation (WHO)
 - (i) World Food Program (WFP)
 - (j) The South Torbian Red Cross (STRK) local partnership with the International Red Cross (IRC)
 - (k) The US Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)
 - (l) The US Defense Intelligence Agency; Department for Homeland Security; and the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA)
 - (m) Amnesty International
 - (n) The Holy Roman Catholic Church
 - (o) Reconstruction Assistance for International Disasters (RAID)
 - (p) Food Assistance in the Disaster Environment (FADE)
 - (q) Water Assistance in the Disaster Environment (WADE)

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- (r) Medicos Without Concern
 - (s) Logistics Relief in Disasters (LORD)
 - (t) Political Advisors (POLADS) for 1 CORPS are anticipated, but have not yet been assigned.
- (6) Civil Considerations. See Tab F (Civil Considerations), Appendix 1 (Intelligence Estimate) to Annex B (Intelligence).
- (7) Attachments and Detachments. Refer to Annex A (Task Organization).
- (8) Assumptions.
- (a) The DPRT will ONLY deploy thermonuclear weapons to preserve the Song regime.
 - (b) DPRT will use chemical weapons if TPA ground forces are likely to be destroyed.
 - (c) Joint ISR and/or coalition forces information collection assets will detect the movement of any DPRT counterattack forces of battalion strength or higher.
 - (d) ACC OBA will maintain air superiority against fixed-wing threats south of the MDL throughout the operation.
 - (e) The DPRT has limited C4ISR capability and or/warhead equipment to conduct real-time TBM targeting of manoeuvre BCT.
- e. Constraints. No MNF OBA forces are to cross the MDL into North Torbia or enter North Torbian airspace.
2. Mission. LCC OBA is to conduct offensive operations on the island of Luzon IOT defeat TPA forces to force their withdrawal from the sovereign territory of South Torbia.
3. Execution.
- a. Commander's Intent.
 - (1) Purpose. To defeat TPA forces in South Torbia IOT destroy their capability to conduct offensive operations and to restore pre-war international borders.
 - (2) Key Tasks.
 - (a) Estb 1 CORPS CP MAIN IVO BATANGAS (TR884212)
 - (b) Estb 1 CORPS SPOD and APOD locations and complete reception, staging, onward movement, and integration (RSOI).

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- (c) On order attack TPA forces, clear enemy in zone, destroy enemy's capability to conduct further offensive operations into South Torbia and restore international border between North and South Torbia.
 - (3) End State. TPA forces are defeated in LCC-OBA AO. Internal stability and legitimate governance are facilitated.
- b. Concept of Operations. OBA is to be conducted in four phases with preliminary moves as follows:
- (1) PRELIM – deploy to the AO and conduct admin moves from APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) into TAAs JUPITER, MARS and PLUTO.
 - (2) Phase I – Conduct tactical moves to AO ORANGE, PEAR and APPLE using MSR JANUS, MSR MINERVA and MSR PHOENIX, and conduct FPOL through ROTA forces.
 - (3) Phase II – Complete tactical moves to AO ORANGE, PEAR and APPLE and conduct RIP of ROTA forces.
 - (4) Phase III – on order clear AO ORANGE, PEAR and APPLE and advance to DML IVO.
 - (5) Phase IV – Conduct STABOPS in AO ORANGE, PEAR and APPLE.
- c. Scheme of Maneuver. TBD
- (1) Scheme of Mobility/Counter-mobility. Priority of effort is mobility operations for clearance and maintenance of routes; runways/flight landing strips; and counter-mobility on construction of protective obstacles, static security points and restricting enemy movement.
 - (2) Scheme of Battlefield Obscuration. Smoke and obscuration are to be employed by all formations and BCTs.
 - (3) Scheme of Information Collection. See Annex L (Information Collection).
- d. Scheme of Intelligence. 1 CORPS G2 directs intelligence efforts and coordinates tasking to support information collection in the AO to answer the COMD's PIR. Information Collection priority is on situation development, indications and early warning, force projection, target development, and physical and functional damage assessments. See Annex B (Intelligence). TBD
- e. Scheme of Fires. See Annex D (Fires). TBD
- f. Scheme of Protection. See Annex E (Protection). TBD
- g. Cyber Electromagnetic Activities. TBD.

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h. Stability Tasks. TBD.

i. Assessment. TBD.

j. Groupings and Tasks.

(1) 2 INF DIV.

(a) Grouping.

- i. TACON bn 1 ARMD BDE Phases I-III.
- ii. TACON MI bn 201 MI BDE.
- iii. TACON det CBRNE TF1.

(b) Tasks.

- i. PRELIM – deploy to the AO and conduct admin moves from APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) into TAA JUPITER.
- ii. Phase I – Conduct tactical move northwards to AO ORANGE using MSR JANUS and MSR MINERVA, and conduct FPOL through ROTA forces.
- iii. Phase II – Complete tactical move to AO ORANGE and conduct RIP of ROTA forces.
- iv. Phase III – On order clear AO ORANGE and advance to DML IVO.
- v. Phase IV – Conduct STABOPS in AO ORANGE.

(2) 25 INF DIV.

(a) Grouping.

- i. TACON bn 1 ARMD BDE Phases I-III.
- ii. TACON MI bn 201 MI BDE.
- iii. TACON det CBRNE TF4

(b) Tasks.

- i. PRELIM – deploy to the AO and conduct admin move from APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) into TAA MARS.

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- ii. Phase I – Conduct tactical move northwards to AO PEAR using MSR JANUS and conduct FPOL through ROTA forces.
- iii. Phase II – Complete tactical move to AO PEAR and conduct RIP of ROTA forces.
- iv. Phase III – on order clear AO PEAR and advance to DML IVO.
- v. Phase IV – Conduct STABOPS in AO PEAR.

(3) 1 ANZAC DIV.

(a) Grouping.

- i. 159 CAB (-) TACON Phases I-III.
- ii. B/1/12 TACON Phases I-III.
- iii. 130 MEB TACON Phases I-III.
- iv. TACON det CBRNE TF82

(a) Tasks.

- i. PRELIM – deploy to the AO and conduct admin move from APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) into TAA PLUTO.
- ii. Phase I – Conduct tactical move northwards to AO APPLE using MSR PHOENIX, and conduct FPOL through ROTA forces.
- iii. Phase II – Complete tactical move to AO APPLE and conduct RIP of ROTA forces.
- iv. Phase III – on order clear AO APPLE and advance to DML.
- v. Phase IV – Conduct STABOPS in AO APPLE.

(4) 593 ESC.

(a) Grouping.

- i. 304 ESB OPCON Phases I-III.
- ii. 87 CSSB OPCON Phases I-III.
- iii. 319 CSSB OPCON Phases I-III.

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(b) Tasks.

- i. Establish APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) to facilitate the deployment of CJTF-OIG elements.
- ii. Coordinate the deployment of LCC-OBA into the AO.
- iii. Conduct RSOM for LCC-OBA elements deploying into the AO.
- iv. Estb Forward Theater Support Area (FTSA) in BATANGAS.
- v. Assist TCN with estb of op-stocks sufficient for 30 days by completion of Phase II.
- vi. Conduct ongoing sustainment operations for all phases.
- vii. Negotiate and arrange for HN and HN Contracting Support for LCC-OBA in AO.
- viii. Conduct ongoing medical support for LCC-OBA for all phases.
- ix. Coordinate support requirements with all component commands.

(5) 1 ARMD BDE.

- (a) Aloc one bn to 7 INF DIV for Phases I-III.
- (b) Aloc one bn to 25 INF DIV for Phases I-III.
- (c) Act as 1 CORP Reserve during Phases I-III.

(6) 17 FA BDE.

- (a) Serve as the Force Field Artillery (FFA) Headquarters for LCC-OBA.
- (b) Maintain a minimum of one Battalion as designated ATACMS fire unit throughout the operation. Required response time is 15 minutes.
- (c) Ensure positioning of firing units and radars to maximize artillery coverage and add flexibility to artillery targeting (ATACMS platoon excepted).
- (d) Position an MLRS or HIMARS unit with an accompanying Q37 section and LCMR in each DIV AO to provide widest coverage for fires and target acquisition.
- (e) Coordinate with subordinate DIV for clearance of routes and screen position areas within their respective AO.

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(7) 38 ADA BDE.

(a) Grouping. TACON B/43/11 ADA BDE

(b) Tasks.

- i. Provide in-depth air defense coverage of in-theater LCC-OBA and ACC-OBA assets.
- ii. BPT provide air defense coverage of SOUTH TORBIAN critical infrastructure.
- iii. In support of CACC-OBA, designate air defense sectors for MNFC-OBA and SOUTH TORBIAN Air Defense Command forces.
- iv. Integrate, as able, MNFC-OBA and SOUTH TORBIAN Air Defense Command C2 to create and maintain a common operating picture (COP).

(8) 555 ENGR BDE.

- (a) Conduct survivability operations for LCC-OBA key assets in order of priority of support by phase based on the DAL.
- (b) Conduct route clearance on LOCs within AO IOT enable freedom of movement, preserve combat power, and maintain operational tempo.
- (c) On order support the establishment of defensive positions within the Area of Separation (AOS).
- (d) BPT provide engineering support to establish LSA and FLE/FARP sites IOT preserve combat power and logistical resupplies.
- (e) BPT provide engineering support to establish the Theatre Interment Facility (TIF) ISO detainee operations.
- (f) BPT assume responsibility of DIV crossing areas upon transition of Division rear boundaries beyond crossing areas.

(9) 201 MI BDE.

- (a) Conduct interrogation operations in support of LCC-OBA at Theater Interment Facility.
- (b) Provide CI Support to Force Protection.
- (c) Provide one MI bn TACON to 2 INF DIV.
- (d) Provide one MI bn TACON to 25INF DIV.

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(10) 42 MP BDE.

- (a) Develop detainee evacuation and detention plan. Coordinate with HN to ensure plan transitions EPWs to HN control as rapidly as possible.
- (b) Establish and conduct detention operations (Theater Detention Facility) to maintain care, custody, and control of enemy combatants and segregate them from the battlefield.
- (c) Partner with SOUTH TORBIAN host nation corrections forces to re-establish detention operations and assess HN capabilities. Advise and assist HN corrections to strengthen capabilities.
- (d) Advise and assist SOUTH TORBIAN security forces to build their capacity to provide a secure environment for restoration of civil control and services.
- (e) Conduct security and mobility support operations IOT protect from possible enemy activity and enable friendly freedom of movement.
- (f) Coordinate and integrate HN capabilities to provide fixed site security, traffic control, and trafficability of routes to augment the security of LOCs.
- (g) Conduct MP response force operations by defeating level I and II and delaying level III threats in the OA to the division rear boundaries.
- (h) Partner with host nation police to re-establish rule of law and assess HN capabilities. Advise and assist HN police to strengthen capabilities.
- (i) BPT provide combat military police support to the divisions for river crossing operations.
- (j) BPT provide LCC-OBA Main CP security IVO BATANGAS IOT safeguard critical C2 nodes.
- (k) BPT provide protective services for select personnel within the LCC-OBA chain of command.
- (l) BPT secure DAL sites within the AO.

(11) 55 MEB.

- (a) Protect critical LCC-OBA facilities in South Torbia from conventional and unconventional attacks to neutralize threat in the LCC-OBA security area and to ensure freedom of movement along MSR JANUS and MINERVA.
- (b) Manage LCC-OBA LOC security in the AO from the port of BATANGAS to the FLOT IOT ensure freedom of movement along rear LOCs. BPT

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conduct route security to division rear boundaries to enable LCC-OBA to continue the attack while ensuring freedom of movement along LOCs.

- (c) Shape Corps Security Area (CSA) with South Torbian HN government, base cluster defense and LOC security.
- (d) Provide mission command of the CSA from Corps rear boundary to the Division rear boundaries.
- (e) Conduct terrain management and area security operations in the CSA.
- (f) Coordinate survivability and general engineering priorities for LCC-OBA LSAs IOT protect key assets and support logistical resupplies.
- (g) Coordinate approved HN capabilities and integrate into operations IOT augment of organic route maintenance, survivability, and stability operations.
- (h) Coordinate route clearance on LOCs within AO IOT enable freedom of movement, preserve combat power, and maintain operational tempo.
- (i) Designated as the response planning and coordination headquarters for North Torbian WMD and Toxic Industrial Chemical (TIC) sites.
- (j) BPT secure DAL sites within the CSA.

(12) 130 MEB (US).

- (a) TACON to 1 ANZAC DIV throughout Phases I-III.
- (b) Spt 1 ANZAC DIV throughout Phases I-III.

(13) 159 CAB (-).

- (a) TACON to 1 ANZAC DIV throughout Phases I-III.
- (b) Spt 1 ANZAC DIV throughout Phases I-III.

(14) 77 TAB.

- (a) Provide one Attack Reconnaissance Squadron (ARS) OPCON to 2 INF DIV CAB for Phases I-III.
- (b) Establish Standard Use Army Aircraft Flight Routes (SAAFR) in the LCC-OBA Support Area to facilitate movement of Army aircraft and HN support aircraft.
- (c) Provide MQ-1 Grey Eagle support to 201MIB for Corps intelligence collection.

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- (d) Provide support to 593 ESC for supply replenishment operations.
 - (e) Provide support to 593 ESC for personnel replacements.
 - (f) Provide air medical evacuation (MEDEVAC) support throughout the LCC-OBA Support Area to evacuate wounded and/or recover isolated personnel.
 - (g) BPT provide UH-60 aerial command and control support to enable mission command.
 - (h) BPT support CBRNE operations in the LCC-OBA Support Area.
- (15) 35 SIG BDE.
- (a) Ensure LCC-OBA signal networks are established to accomplish the mission.
 - (b) Provide communications connectivity to support LCC-OBA and supporting command early entry mission requirements to enable seamless communications for LCC-OBA to MNFC-OBA and subordinate DIV.
 - (c) Provide a staff component for LCC-OBA C6 to serve as the central focal point of the signal command battle staff.
 - (d) Augment LCC-OBA C6 with network operations (NETOPS) to provide regulatory authority over LCC-OBA supporting signal assets.
 - (e) Coordinate with RHN prior to departure for receipt of boot files, SAA, ASA and ASA through SIPRNET in order to ensure technical SATCOM information is available to WIN-T operators.
 - (f) Establish COMSEC account with MNFC-OBA IOT support the communications security plan.
 - (g) Provide to support 1 CORPS organic and attached formations and units.
 - (h) Provide LNOs to interface between Army-level watch/Crisis Action Teams (CAT), the Joint Network Control Center (JNCC), and the Defense Information Support Activity Regional Networks Operations Support Center (DISA RNOSC) in support of LCC-OBA to augment the LCC-OBA CJ-6 staff.
- (16) 415 CBRNE BDE.
- (a) Establish formation CBRN warning and reporting networks.
 - (b) Conduct CBRN route reconnaissance along MSR PHOENIX, JANUS and MINERVA to facilitate contamination avoidance and freedom of maneuver.

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- (c) Conduct CBRN reconnaissance, surveillance, and decontamination operations as required.
 - (d) Conduct CBRN vulnerability assessments of potential TIC facilities within boundaries.
 - (e) At threat level RED, establish Collective Protection facilities at medical installations, and LCC-OBA and Div Command Posts.
 - (f) Detach the CBRN Center Team to LCC-OBA Main and Tac CP.
 - (g) Establish thorough decontamination facilities in AO ORANGE, PEAR and APPLE.
 - (h) Support EOD operations.
 - (i) BPT to conduct counter-WMD proliferation operations.
 - (j) Maintain a master list of TIC facilities in SOUTH TORBIA along with vulnerabilities and hazard prediction templates.
 - (k) Coordinate CBRN Defense and TIC response operations with the HN.
- (17) 360 CA BDE.
- (a) Provide one Civil Affairs Battalion OPCON to 25 INF DIV for Phases I-IV.
 - (b) Provide one Civil Affairs Battalion OPCON to 2 INF DIV for Phases I-IV.
 - (c) Provide one Civil Affairs Battalion TACON to 1 ANZAC DIV for Phases I-IV.
 - (d) Augment C9 staff for planning and coordination of all CMO in the AO.
 - (e) Establish and maintain LCC-OBA CMOC to coordinate LCC-OBA CMO in support of LCC-OBA.
 - (f) Coordinate with CMOCs within each Division AO to facilitate coordination and synchronization by, with, and through the HN security forces, and other organizations operating in the AO.
 - (g) Conduct ongoing area assessment of the NORTH/SOUTH TORBIAN civil situation.
 - (h) Assess Host Nation Support (HNS) and civilian resources that support wide area security operations. Coordinate through C9, HN, and SJA representative.

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- (i) Assist in the assessments, planning, and restoration of local infrastructure damaged during major combat operations. Submit reports to C9 as required, but as a minimum every 24 hours.
- (18) B/1/12 SQN. Spt 1 ANZAC DIV throughout Phases I-III.
 - (19) 304 ESB. Spt 593 ESC throughout Phases I-III.
 - (20) 9 MI BN.
 - (a) Spt 2 INF DIV.
 - (b) Spt 25 INF DIV.
 - (c) Spt 1 ANZAC DIV.
 - (21) 318 CSSB. Spt 593 ESC throughout Phases I-III.
 - (22) 87 CSSB. Spt 593 ESC throughout Phases I-III.
 - (23) B/43/11 ADA BDE. Spt 38 ADA BDE throughout Phases I-III.
 - (24) 1 ERG (USAF).
 - (a) Spt 2 INF DIV.
 - (b) Spt 25 INF DIV.
 - (c) Spt 1 ANZAC DIV.
 - (25) Legal Advisor.
 - (a) Provide COMD and supporting staffs at CORPS and DIV levels with legal advice and support across the core legal disciplines.
 - (b) Provide the COMD and supporting staffs with legal advice and support in military justice, administrative separations, command policies, and other issues related to the good order and discipline of LCC-OBA.
 - (c) Oversee the administration of military justice for the LCC-OBA to include conducting minor military justice proceedings up to and including non-judicial punishment and letters of reprimands (in coordination with the OSJA for the General Court-martial convening authority (GCMCA).
 - (d) Provide legal assistance services (including Soldier readiness processing) to LCC-OBA consistent with all applicable laws, regulations, rules of professional responsibility, and requirements of LCC-OBA's mission.

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- (e) Administer a preventive law program designed to educate commanders, staff, and Soldiers on legal issues that they may confront on a regular basis.
- (f) Coordinate higher-level and subject matter expert legal support for legal issues outside the legal section's ability to resolve.
- (g) Serve as ethics counselor.

(26) PAO.

- (a) Advise LCC-OBA regarding the public perception LCC-OBA operations and develops Public Affairs Guidance (PAG) IOT mitigate crisis situations or highlight operational success.
- (b) In close partnership with HQ 1 CORPS, when authorized and directed be prepared to plan and conduct media events, including media visits, engagements and embeds demonstrating LCC-OBA operations. Coordinate with the MNF_OBA PAO in the creation, submission, and review of all Public Affairs Guidance in relation to the LCC-OBA mission.
- (c) When authorized and directed be prepared to keep key target audiences informed with accurate information using news releases, imagery, and News Media Representatives (NMR).
- (d) Coordinate with SOTFs and AOBs to ensure messaging is synchronized with IO IOT counter propaganda efforts as appropriate to communicate effectively to intended audiences.
- (e) When directed and enabled, integrate and synchronize Visual Information production capabilities of Public Affairs (PA) and Combat Camera (COMCAM) IOT increase awareness and acceptance of the importance of (a).
- (f) When directed and in coordination with the HQ 1 CORPS, assist and advise partnered SOUTH TORBIAN leadership in developing PA capacity and procuring required equipment to field with their PA elements.
- (g) Practice security at the source and safeguard information which may violate operations security.
- (h) All COMCAM assigned to LLC-OBA is to provide all COMCAM images to use as historical documentation of operations. The Public Affairs Officer and/or COMCAM cmd are then to check the imagery for quality control and operations security and submit imagery and video products approved for external release to both the Digital Video Imagery Distribution System (DVIDS) and the Defense Imagery Media Operations Center (DIMOC). Imagery and video products which are not cleared for external release may be used for internal purposes and historical archives.

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- (i) Public Affairs and COMCAM assets are to be used for official functions only in support of the LCC-OBA Commander's information operations objectives.
- (j) Maintain and oversee the capture and storage of VI products to include photos, videos and audio recordings, IOT to maintain historical archives of the MNF-OBA mission.
- (k) Themes. All CFLCC Public Affairs officers, service members and civilians can use these themes and messages.
 - i. International Legitimacy.
 - (A) International coalition forces are here in accordance with the UN General Assembly Resolution (A/RES/XX/XXX) which acknowledges internationally recognized national boundaries, including SOUTH TORBIA's, within the region and the Responsibility to Protect (R2P) (A/RES/ XX/XXX) in response to NORTH TORBIA's unlawful invasion of SOUTH TORBIAN sovereign territory.
 - (B) Through IPANA the international community's firm support of MNF-OBA operations demonstrates its commitment to regional stability.
 - (C) All MNF-OBA operations are being conducted in accordance with the international laws of war.
 - ii. Partnership with South Torbia.
 - (A) MNF-OBA forces are partnering with the South Torbian Government to restore its legal and internationally recognized borders.
 - (B) MNF-OBA forces are committed to working with the South Torbian military to protect South Torbian civilians during military operations.
 - (C) MNF-OBA is committed to work in partnership with the South Torbian government to help bring regional stability and to end North Torbian aggression.
 - iii. Mission Readiness.
 - (A) The forces of the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan are highly trained, confident and prepared to act decisively if engaged.

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- (B) They maintain a flexible posture, poised to meet any threat within the operations.
 - iv. Resolve.
 - (A) The forces of the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan are here to help their ally restore its international border.
 - (B) The forces of the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan are committed to restoring the territorial integrity of South Torbia and regional stability.
 - (C) The invasion of South Torbia is a clear violation of the UN General Assembly Resolution (A/RES/XX/XXX). Through IPANA the forces of the US, Australia, New Zealand and Japan coalition forces with the backing of the international community are committed to restoring regional stability.
 - v. Priority of Effort. Pubic Information, Command Information, Community Engagement at home stations.
 - vi. Priority of Work. Media facilitation and public communication.
 - vii. Priority of Support. 2 INF DIV, 25 INF DIV, all other LCC-OBA units.
- k. Supporting Battlefield Operating System Concepts.
- (1) Scheme of Mobility / Counter-mobility. Priority of effort is mobility operations for clearance and maintenance of routes; runways/flight landing strips; and counter-mobility on construction of protective obstacles, static security points and restricting enemy movement.
 - (2) Scheme of Information Collection. See Annex L (Information Collection).
 - (3) Scheme of Intelligence. 1 CORPS G2 directs intelligence efforts and coordinates tasking to support information collection in the AO to answer the COMD's PIR. Information Collection priority is on situation development, indications and early warning, force projection, target development, and physical and functional damage assessments. See Annex B (Intelligence).
 - (4) Scheme of Fires. See Annex D (Fires). TBD
 - (5) Scheme of Protection. See Annex E (Protection). TBD
 - (6) Cyber Electromagnetic Activities. TBD.
 - (7) Stability Tasks. TBD.

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(8) Assessment. TBD.

1. Coordinating Instructions.

(1) Timings.

- (a) APOD and SPOD established – by XXXXXX.
- (b) Theatre Support Area established – by XXXXXX.
- (c) Prelim Commence – XXX
- (d) Prelim moves complete - XXX
- (e) H-HR – XXX
- (f) PHASE I complete – XXXX
- (g) PHASE II complete – XXXX
- (h) PHASE III complete – XXXX.

(2) Location/Boundaries. See OP overlay.

(3) Routes. See OP overlay.

(4) Control Measures. See OP overlay. Further detail is provided in Annex H.

(5) Transfer of Authority.

- (a) ROT Forces. South Torbia's Supreme High Command (SHC) will continue to command defensive operations until declaration of 1 CORPS operationally ready (OPRED). At that time, designated South Torbian maritime, land and air combat forces will transition to TACON to MNFC-OBA for Phase I-III operations.
- (b) ACC-OBA. On declaration of ACC-OBA HQ OPRED, it will assume ACC responsibilities for the South Torbian SHC with TACON of both deterrent early deployed air assets and designated ROTAF aircraft. When HQ MNFC-OBA is declared OPRED, ACC will revert back to the HQ MNFC-OBA.
- (c) Troop Contributing Nations (TCN). TCNs are to deploy forces to the AO under national command arrangements but in coordination with MNFC-OBALOG staff and the respective component command. On arrival in the AO and declared OPRED by respective National Commanders maritime, land, air and SOF forces are to be transferred OPCON to MNFC-OBA and subsequently to their component commands.

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- (d) Sustainment Forces. Undeclared Combat Service Support resources that are not transferred OPCON as part of the combat force are to be transferred TACON to MNFC-OBALOGCC for space allocation, movement control, local defense and coordination. NSEs will remain under national command while deployed in South Torbia but MNFC-OBALOGCC is to have coordinating authority over NSE.

- (6) ROE. National policies and caveats have been confirmed, and there are no impacts on combat operations. Should any changes occur or concerns be raised regarding National ROE, 1 CORPS C3 is to be advised by the most expeditious means. National COMD may also bring changes or concerns to the attention of the COMD 1 CORPS directly.

- (7) PW, CPERS, Detainees. The handling and disposition of PW, CPERS and detainees are to be conducted IAW Annex MM.

- (8) IDP. The handling and disposition of IDP are to be conducted IAW Annex W.

- (9) CCIR.
 - (a) PIR.
 - i. What are the locations/strength of TPA manoeuvre elements and the orientation of its forces?
 - ii. How long is it likely to take TPA forces to achieve 80% capability?
 - iii. What are the locations of DTG and BTG C2 nodes?
 - iv. Where is the TPA's main effort?
 - v. Where are the TPA's IADS?
 - vi. Where are the TPA's EW systems?
 - vii. Where are the TPA's surface-to-surface missiles and MRL units?
 - viii. Where are the TPA's UAVs and how are they being used?
 - ix. Where have CBRN weapons been used in the AO?
 - x. Where are the underground MDL crossing points in the AO?
 - xi. Which routes are being used as MSR/SSR/ASR to resupply/reinforce the TPA's Southern Army?
 - xii. What is the state of these routes?

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- xiii. What is the urban landscape and population density of DAGUPAN and CABANATUAN and surrounding districts?
- xiv. What is the current status of comms and multi-media infrastructure in the AO?
- xv. What North Torbian SPF are known to be operating in the AO?
- xvi. What TCA and Tantoco elm are known to be operating in the AO?

(b) EEFI.

- i. Locations
- ii. OBJ
- iii. Routes
- iv. Force composition
- v. Unit personnel and logistics information
- vi. ROE.

(c) FFIR.

- i. Status of 1 CORPS preparations.
- ii. Location, strength, and abilities of FIRES assets.
- iii. Loss of a C2 node or severe damage to a logistical base that will impede 1 CORPS operations.
- iv. Any BCT with combat power below 70%.
- v. Friendly unit or company-strength or greater in need of decontamination.

(10) PWs and Captured Persons (CPERS). Handling and disposition of PWs and CPERS are to be conducted IAW Appx 1 to Annex L.

(11) National Responsibilities on PW/CPERS. For reasons of National sensitivity and ownership of processes relating to PW/CPERS, all Coalition personnel are to respect their own national procedures following guidelines IAW the Geneva Convention.

(12) Custody of PW/CPERS. PW/CPERS operations are a National responsibility. As such, it is imperative that all persons detained by Coalition personnel remain in the care and custody of authorised personnel only. It is understood that operational

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requirements may force acceptance of PW/CPERS from, or transfer to, other Allied nations of the Coalition. This shall be the exception and not the norm. Should such circumstance become necessary, only the respective National Commander or designated representative can authorize the acceptance or transfer of a PW/CPERS to or from another nation.

- (13) Treatment. PW and CPERS are to be treated IAW all accepted international laws and conventions.
- (14) Transfer or Release. Although tactical situations may oblige comd to detain persons during the conduct of operations, it is the responsibility of National Comd at all levels to determine who will be categorised as a CPERS and immediately field release all others. Once a determination has been made to further retain the detained person and a PW/CPERS number has been assigned, only the National Comd of the capturing nation has the authority to release or transfer PW/CPERS to other nations. For the specific purpose of an individual clearly detained as a PW, there is no requirement to determine status upon capture, as PW are captured enemy combatants and remain in detention for the duration of hostilities. The detaining power has an obligation to make a determination of PW versus other CPERS status as soon as practical after capture.
- (15) PW and CPERS Reporting. IAW national directives, all PW or CPERS in Coalition custody shall be reported via official means by using a PW/CPERS Capture Report.
- (16) PW/CPERS Holding Facilities. XXX will establish theatre CPERS holding facilities IVO BATANGAS CITY. 1 MP BN is to establish holding facilities in the DSA.
- (17) Reports and Returns. The Battle Rhythm schedule for Reports and Returns is to be published once the HQ 1 CORPS has declared OPRED.

4. Administration and Logistics.

a. Concept of Sustainment Support.

- (1) Sustainment operations are to focus on the provisioning and replenishment of the force, through timely logistics, personnel services and health services support to enable rapid operational tempo, endurance and expanded operational reach.
- (2) 593 ESC is the senior logistics operator and supports LCC-OBA forces IAW Title 10, Title 22, approved Acquisition and Cross-Service Agreements (ACSA), and Inter-Service Support Agreements (ISSA) currently in effect.
- (3) 593 ESC is to estb APOD (SAN SALVADOR 51PTR980439) and SPOD (BATANGAS PORT 51PTR884214) to facilitate the deployment of LCC-OBA FE.

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- (4) 593 ESC is to estb a Forward Theater Support Area (FTSA) in BATANGAS to receive personnel, equipment and supplies from the Theater Support Area (TSA) at GENERAL SANTOS CITY, BELESIA.
 - (5) 593 ESC employs 13 CSSB to conduct early entry theater opening and theater distribution, and three sustainment brigades (1 INF DIV SB, 25 INF DIV SB and 17 SB) to provide direct support to 2 INF DIV, 25 INF DIV, 1 ANZAC DIV, and forward enabling elements.
 - (6) 593 ESC is to establish Logistical Support Areas (LSAs) using 2 INF DIV SB, 25 INF DIV SB and 17 SB within the LCC-OBA AO to extend operational reach and ensure continuity of support. Divisional units and enablers will receive materiel and some services support on an area support from these LSAs.
 - (7) Medical support throughout the LCC-OBA AO is to be provided by 62 MED BDE (DS). Health Service Support (HSS) capabilities is to be forward deployed to provide patient interventions, holding and evacuation throughout the LCC-OBA AO. Refer to Annex F (Sustainment).
 - (8) Army Material Command (AMC) and 21 TSC will ensure acquisition and cross-servicing arrangements are current and in place with all contributing coalition governments.
- b. Unique National Support. Unique national support is to be provided by NSEs. 593 ESC is to facilitate TCN NSEs support to LCC-OBA FE as required.
- c. Logistics. Refer to LCC-OBA Annex F (Sustainment).
- d. Personnel.
- (1) Human Resources (HR) services will focus on manning the force, providing HR services, personnel support, and HR planning and operations in support of deployed forces.
 - (2) Religious support operations will provide the spiritual, ethical, and moral needs of Soldiers and Civilians deployed with the force.
- e. Financial Operations.
- (1) Financial operations a to include the development of policies and guidance, providing financial advice to commanders, as well as disbursing support.
 - (2) Operational legal support is to cover those services necessary to ensure all LCC-OBA matters are in accordance with fiscal laws and multinational agreements.

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f. Health Service Support (HSS).

- (1) LCC-OBA HSS elements are to build medical forces within the AO, expand medical logistics (MEDLOG) infrastructure, and emphasize force health protection to conserve the force.
- (2) 62 MED BDE is to distribute capabilities and assets to facilitate casualty care during Phases I-III. HSS capabilities are to BPT assist with humanitarian assistance and are to coordinate with IO/PVO/NGO and HN authorities as required.

5. Command and Signal.

a. Command.

- (1) COMD. LTGEN XXXXX (US)
- (2) DCOMD. MAJGEN XXXXXXXXXXXXX (AS)
- (3) HQ Locations (Current and Projected).
 - (a) INDOPACOM – Honolulu, Hawaii.
 - (b) MNFC – OBA – Initially Honolulu, Hawaii then General Santos City, Belesia.
 - (c) MCC-OBA – Honolulu, Hawaii.
 - (d) ACC-OBA – Honolulu, Hawaii.
 - (e) LCC-OBA. MTW.
- (4) Succession of Command.
 - (a) COMD 1 CORPS
 - (b) DCOMD 1 CORPS
 - (c) COMD 2 INF DIV,
 - (d) COMD 25 INF DIV
 - (e) COMD 1 ANZAC DIV.
- (5) Liaison Requirements. All Major Subordinate Commands (MSC) are to provide two Liaison Officers (LNOs) to 1 CORPS on D+XX (NLT0900MONYYYY).

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b. Communication and Information Systems (CIS). Effective C2 of 1 CORPS is highly dependent upon the flexible and interoperable CIS between Components and contributing nations.

- (1) 35 SIG BDE is to:
 - (a) Establish force level CIS down to DIV HQ, including the management of network interface gateways
 - (b) Coordinate FMN-wide CIS plans
 - (c) Perform FMN spectrum management
- (2) HQ 1 CORPS CIS is to provide secure voice, VTC and Coalition WAN (based on NATO-CENTRIXS) secure email, chat and other C3 tools down to DIV level. Requests for extension of LCC-OBA CIS in support of national, component or other requirements is to be coordinated through the HQ 1 CORPS C6 and funded as appropriate.
- (3) Use of HN communication infrastructure to supplement military networks is to be coordinated by HQ 1 CORPS in conjunction with C6, but contracted independently by TCN.
- (4) Network Operations.
 - (a) Defensive Measures. 1 CORP's networks are targets for Computer Network Attack (CNA) by NT EW assets seeking to sabotage or exploit coalition information or services. The primary vulnerabilities are through gateways with external systems and inadvertent transfer of viruses from open systems. All contributing nations are responsible for effective COMSEC and Computer Network Defence (CND) on all national networks and systems; these measures are vital for effective C2 and the maintenance of information dominance. HQ CORPS C6 is responsible for the coordination of defensive measures and COMSEC for all 1 CORPS systems through the Network Operations Center located with HQ 1 CORPS (deployed).
 - (b) Offensive Measures Offensive network operations or Computer Network Attack (CNA) are not to be conducted by coalition partners against adversary networks without approval of COMD LCC-OBA.

6. ACKNOWLEDGE. All acknowledge.

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ANNEXES:

Annex A	Conduct of Operations
Annex B	Task organisation
Annex D	Intelligence
Annex E	Rules of Engagement
Annex F	Army Aviation
Annex G	Land Operations
Annex H	Air Airspace Control
Annex J	Force Protection
Annex K	Health Services Support
Annex L	Psychological Operations
Annex M	Operational Assessment (Not issued)
Annex O	Information Operations
Annex P	Electronic Warfare
Annex Q	Communication and Information Systems
Annex R	Logistics
Annex S	Movements
Annex U	CBRN
Annex W	Civil Military Cooperation
Annex X	Public Affairs
Annex AA	Legal (To be issued)
Annex DD	Space Operations (To be issued)
Annex EE	Engineers
Annex FF	Finance (To be issued)
Annex KK	Joint Fires and Targeting
Annex HH	Personnel Support
Annex II	Joint ISR
Annex MM	Detainee Operations
Annex PP	Military Police
Annex RR	Strategic Communications (Not issued)
Annex TT	Host Nation Support
Annex UU	Reports

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MNFLC OBA OVERLAY



References

LCC-OBA OPORD 01 (OPERATION BRONZE ACHILLES)

Time Zone Used Throughout the OPLAN: ZULU

1. **Headquarters, Land Component Command**
 - a. HHB, LCC
 - b. Tactical Command Post
 - c. Main HQ
 - d. Rear HQ
2. **2nd Infantry Division**
 - a. HHC, 2nd Infantry Division
 - b. 1st Stryker Brigade Combat Team
 - c. 2nd Stryker Brigade Combat Team
 - d. 81st Stryker Brigade Combat Team
 - e. 16th Combat Aviation Brigade
 - f. 2nd Infantry Division Artillery
 - (1) Headquarters and Headquarters Battery
 - (2) 1st Battalion, 37th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (3) 2nd Battalion, 17th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (4) 2nd Battalion, 146th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (5) Target Acquisition Platoon (2 x TPQ-37, 4 x LCMRs)
 - (6) 2nd Sustainment Brigade

3. **25th Infantry Division**

- a. HHC, 25th Infantry Division
- b. 2nd Infantry Brigade Combat Team
- c. 3rd Infantry Brigade Combat Team
- d. 4th-25th Infantry Brigade Combat Team
- e. 1st-25th Stryker Brigade Combat Team
- f. 25th Combat Aviation Brigade
- g. 25th Infantry Division Artillery
 - (1) Headquarters and Headquarters Battery
 - (2) 2nd Battalion, 11th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (3) 3rd Battalion, 7th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (4) 2nd Battalion, 8th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (5) 2nd Battalion 377th Field Artillery Regiment (M777)
 - (6) Target Acquisition Platoon (2 x TPQ-37, 4 x LCMRs)
 - (7) Signal Company
 - (8) Brigade Support Battalion
- h. 25th Infantry Division Sustainment Brigade

4. **1st ANZAC Division**

- a. HQ 1st (AS) Division
- b. Combat Brigade (AS)
- c. Combat Brigade (AS)
- d. 1st Brigade Group (NZ)
- e. (AS) Force Protection Battlegroup

- f. 16th Aviation Brigade
- g. 17th Sustainment Brigade
- h. 16th Regiment, Royal Australian Artillery
- i. 20th Regiment, Royal Australian Artillery
- j. 6th Engineer Support Regiment
- k. 1st Signals Battalion
- l. 7th Signal Regiment
- m. 1st Intelligence Battalion
- n. 1st Military Police Battalion
- 5. **593rd Expeditionary Sustainment Command**
 - a. HHC, 593rd Expeditionary Sustainment Command
 - b. 62nd Medical Brigade
 - c. 13th Combat Service Support Battalion
 - d. 51st Signal Battalion
- 6. **3rd Brigade, 1st Armored Division.**
 - a. HCC, 3rd Brigade
 - b. 1st Battalion, 35th Armored Regiment
 - c. 3rd Battalion, 35th Armored Regiment
 - d. 6th Battalion, 6th Infantry Regiment
 - e. 7th Battalion, 6th Infantry Regiment
 - f. 6th Battalion, 1st Field Artillery Regiment
 - g. 501st Support Battalion
- 7. **17th Field Artillery Brigade**

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ANNEX B
(TASK ORGANIZATION)
TO LCC-OBA OPORD

- a. HHC, 17th Field Artillery Brigade
- b. 5th Battalion, 3rd Field Artillery Regiment (HIMARS)
- c. 1st Battalion, 94th Field Artillery Regiment (HIMARS)
- d. 308th Brigade Support Battalion
- e. 256th Signal Company
- 8. **38th Air Defence Artillery Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 38th Air Defence Artillery Brigade
 - b. 1st Battalion, 1st Air Defence Artillery Regiment (Patriot)
 - c. Task Force Talon (Patriot)
 - d. 10th Missile Defense Battery
 - e. 14th Missile Defense Battery
- 9. **555th Engineer Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 555th Engineer Brigade
 - b. 864th Engineer Battalion
 - c. 3rd Ordnance Battalion
 - d. 110th Chemical Battalion
- 10. **55th Maneuver Enhancement Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 55th Maneuver Enhancement Brigade
 - b. 5th Engineer Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 5th Engineer Battalion
 - (2) 515th Sapper Company
 - (3) 55th Mobility Company
 - (4) 509th Clearance Company

- (5) 50th Multi-Role Bridge Company
- (6) Forward Support Company
- c. 8th Engineer Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 8th Engineer Battalion
 - (2) 510th Sapper Company
 - (3) 572nd Mobility Company
 - (4) 362nd Multi-Role Bridge Company
 - (5) A/70 BEB
 - (6) Forward Support Company
- d. 52nd Engineer Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 52nd Engineer Battalion
 - (2) 497th Vertical Construction Company
 - (3) 544th Horizontal Construction Company
 - (4) 615th Horizontal Construction Company
 - (5) 84th Survey & Design Team
 - (6) Forward Support Company
 - (7) 2nd Military Intelligence Company C/S
- 11. **130th Maneuver Enhancement Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 130th Engineer Brigade
 - b. 19th Engineer Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 19th Engineer Battalion
 - (2) 541st Sapper Company
 - (3) 68th Horizontal Construction Company
 - (4) 76th Vertical Construction Company

ANNEX B
(TASK ORGANIZATION)
TO LCC-OBA OPOD

- (5) 502nd Multi-Role Bridge Company
- (6) 72nd Survey and Design Team
- (7) Forward Support Company
- c. 20th Engineer Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 20th Engineer Battalion
 - (2) 937th Clearance Company
 - (3) 91st Horizontal Construction Company
 - (4) 74th Multi-Role Bridge Company
 - (5) 47 Support Squadron, 4 (CA) Engineer Support Regiment (OPCON)
 - (6) Forward Support Company,
- d. 91st Military Police Battalion
 - (1) HHC, 91st Military Police Battalion
 - (2) 23rd Military Police Company
 - (3) 511th Military Police Company
 - (4) 543rd Military Police Company
 - (5) 8th MP Dog Detachment
 - (6) Forward Support Company
- 12. **159th Combat Aviation Brigade (-).**
 - a. 7th Squadron, 17th Cavalry Regiment
 - b. 3rd Battalion, 101st Aviation Regiment
 - c. 4th Battalion, 101st Aviation Regiment
 - d. 7th Battalion, 101st Aviation Regiment
 - e. 563rd Aviation Support Battalion

ANNEX B
(TASK ORGANIZATION)
TO LCC-OBA OPORD

13. **77th Theater Aviation Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 77th Theatre Aviation Brigade
 - b. 2nd Battalion, 238th Aviation Regiment
 - c. 1st Battalion, 147th Aviation Regiment
 - d. 1st Battalion, 207th Aviation Regiment
 - e. 2nd Battalion 285th Aviation Regiment
 - f. 777th Aviation Support Battalion
14. **35th Signal Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 10th Signal Brigade
 - b. 50th Signal Battalion
 - c. 51st Signal Battalion
 - d. 63rd Signal Battalion
 - e. 7th Signal Battalion
15. **415th CBRNE Brigade**
 - a. HHC, 415th CBRNE Brigade
 - b. 2nd Chemical Battalion
 - (1) 44th Chemical (AS) Company
 - (2) 68th Chemical (TE) Company
 - (3) 181st Chemical (CS) Company
 - (4) 301st Chemical (SMK) Company
 - (5) 310th Chemical (BIDS) Company
 - (6) Forward Support Company
 - c. 377th Chemical Company

- d. 763rd Ordnance (EOD) Company
- e. 79th Ordnance (EOD) Battalion
 - (1) 47th Ordnance (EOD) Company
 - (2) 75th Ordnance (EOD) Company
 - (3) 704th Ordnance (EOD) Company
 - (4) 752nd Ordnance (EOD) Company
 - (1) Forward Support Company
- 16. **201st Military Intelligence Brigade**
 - (1) HHC, 201st Military Intelligence Brigade
 - (2) 109th Military Intelligence Battalion
 - (3) 502nd Military Intelligence Battalion
- 17. **42nd Military Police Brigade**
 - (1) HHC, 42nd Military Police Brigade
 - (2) 504th MP Battalion
 - (3) 508th MP Battalion
- 18. **360th Civil Affairs Brigade**
- 19. **B Squadron, 1st Battalion 12th Cavalry Regiment**
- 20. **304th Expeditionary Signal Battalion**
- 21. **9th Military Information Support Battalion**
- 22. **319th Combat Service Support Battalion**
- 23. **87th Combat Service Support Battalion**
- 24. **Battery B, 43rd Air Defence Regiment, 11th Air Defence Brigade**
- 25. **1st Expeditionary Rescue Group (USAF).**

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**ANNEX B
(TASK ORGANIZATION)
TO LCC-OBA OPORD**

- f. 26th Air Rescue Squadron
- g. 52nd Expeditionary Rescue Squadron
- h. 64th Expeditionary Rescue Squadron

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SMITH

CJ-3